

Classic Instruments



Installation Manual

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Welcome from the Team at Classic Instruments!

Our congratulations and appreciation for your purchase of one of the finest quality sets of specialty instruments ever produced! Your instrument set has been conceived, designed, and manufactured by Classic Instruments, Inc. in the U.S.A. Each instrument has been tested and certified for accuracy and quality before packaging and shipping.

For trouble-free installation and operation follow the instructions exactly as outlined. Your instruments were assembled to precise specifications and although each has a seven (7) year warranty covering defective parts and workmanship – this warranty will not cover instruments or sender units which have been installed incorrectly.

Follow our recommended procedures for installation and proper hookup to maintain the value and appearance of your instrument set during many future years of accurate and dependable service!

LIMITED WARRANTY

Classic Instruments, Inc. (CI) warrants to the original purchaser that any CI product manufactured or supplied by CI will be free from defects in material and workmanship under normal use and service for a period of seven (7) years from date of purchase.

Improper installation, use of sending units other than CI's or attempted repair or adjustments by other than CI shall void this warranty. Disassembly of any instruments or senders for whatever reason shall specifically void this warranty.

It's always easy to look to a part for an issue with your set. Before you conclude that a part may be bad, thoroughly check your work. Today's semiconductors and passive components have reached incredibly high reliability levels, but there is still room for error in our human construction skills. However, on rare occasions a sour part can slip through. Please be aware that testing can usually determine if the part was truly defective or damaged by assembly or usage. Don't be afraid of telling us that you "blew it", we're all human and in most cases, replacement parts are very reasonably priced.

Purchaser requesting a product to be repaired or replaced under warranty must first call CI at 1-800-575-0461 before the return of defective part. Send defective part to 826 Moll Drive, Boyne City, MI 49712, USA. Include a written description of the failure with defective part.

Purchaser agrees and accepts that under no circumstances will a warranty replacement be furnished until CI has first received, inspected, and tested the returned part.

All other warranties expressed or implied are hereby excluded including any implied warranty of merchandise and implied warranty of fitness for a particular purpose. The sole and exclusive remedy for breach of this warranty is limited to the replacement set forth above.

It is expressly agreed that there shall be no further remedy for consequential or other type of damage, including any claim for loss of profit, engine damage or injury.

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE

1-800-575-0461

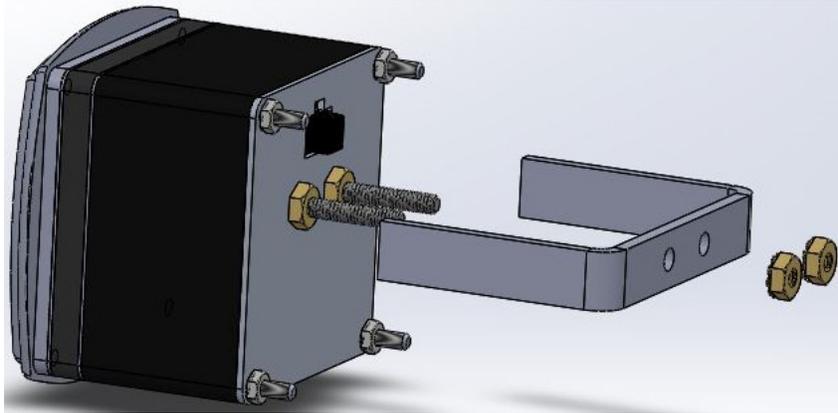
OR

Visit our website for the latest in gauge design and updates to our installation manual

www.classicinstruments.com

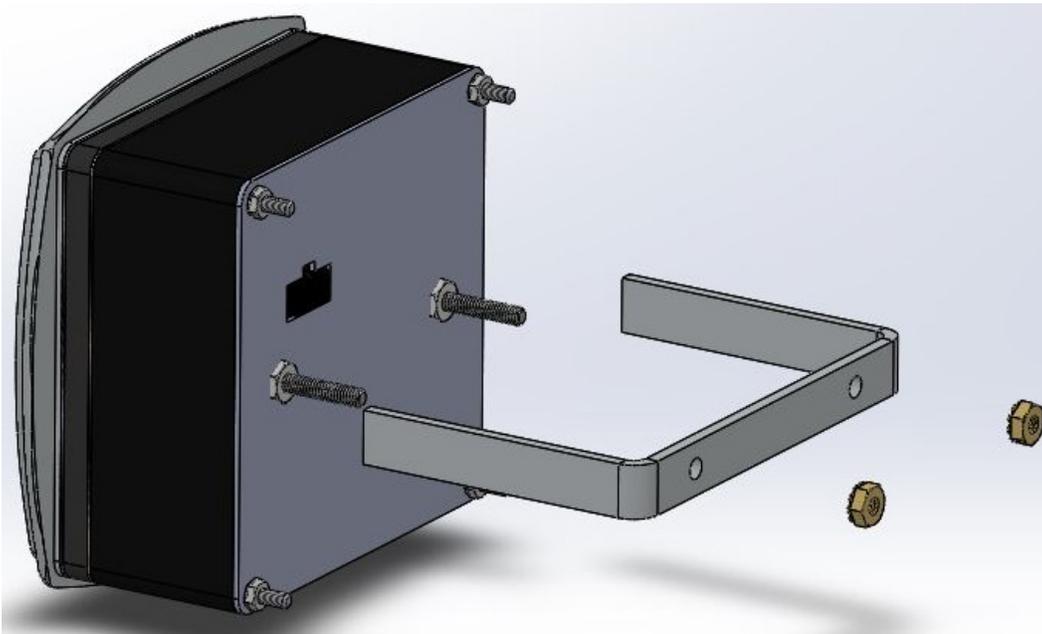
Mounting Gauges

- 1) Using the supplied template, cut a 2 5/8" square in the dash at the desired location for each of the 2-5/8" gauges to be installed.
- 2) Insert each gauge through the hole you cut from the front of the dash.
- 3) Secure the gauge in the dash using the supplied "U" bracket. The bracket should mount to the two center studs on the back of the gauge. Attach the bracket using the supplied 8x32 lock nuts. (avoid over tightening)



2 5/8" Gauges

- 4) Using the supplied template, cut a 4" square in the dash at the desired location for the 4" gauges to be installed.
- 5) Insert each gauge through the hole you cut from the front of the dash.
- 6) Secure the gauge in the dash using the supplied "U" bracket. The bracket should mount to the two outside center studs on the back of the gauge. Tighten the bracket using the supplied 8x32 lock nuts. (avoid over tightening)



4" Gauges

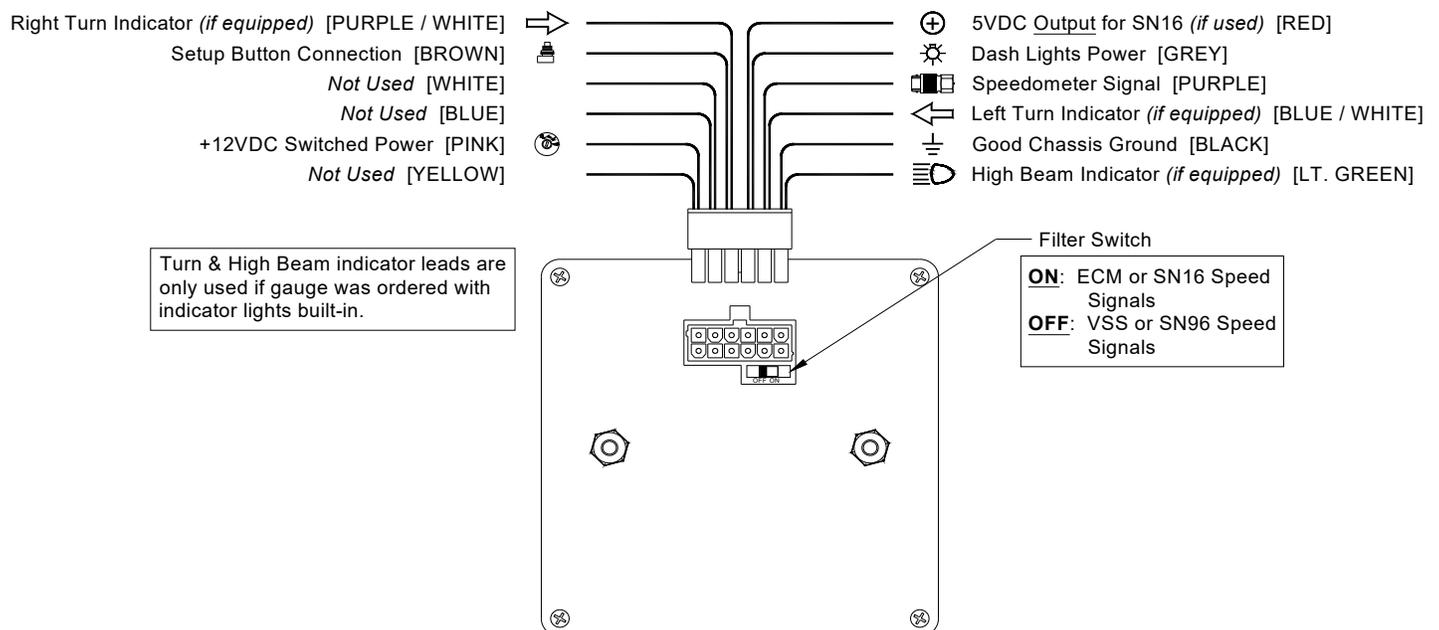
4" Speedometer Wiring

- 1) Always disconnect the ground lead from the vehicle battery before wiring any gauge.
- 2) Connect a switched +12VDC power source to the **Pink** wire of the gauge harness. *We recommend using a dedicated power source for the speedometer to avoid possible problems caused by interference.*
- 3) Connect a good chassis ground to the **Black** wire of the gauge harness. *We recommend using a dedicated chassis ground (not stacked with other ground wires) to avoid possible problems caused by a bad ground.*
- 4) Connect dash light power to the **Grey** wire of the gauge harness.
- 5) Connect a speed signal to the **Purple** wire of the gauge harness:
 - a. White signal wire from a Classic Instruments pulse signal generator (SN16 or SN16F)
 - i. Connect the Black wire of the pulse signal generator to a good chassis ground.
 - ii. Connect the Red wire of the pulse signal generator to the **Red** wire of the gauge harness.

[OR]
 - b. One (either) wire of an electronic transmission's 2-wire vehicle speed sensor [VSS].
 - i. Connect the other VSS wire to the same ground used for the gauge.

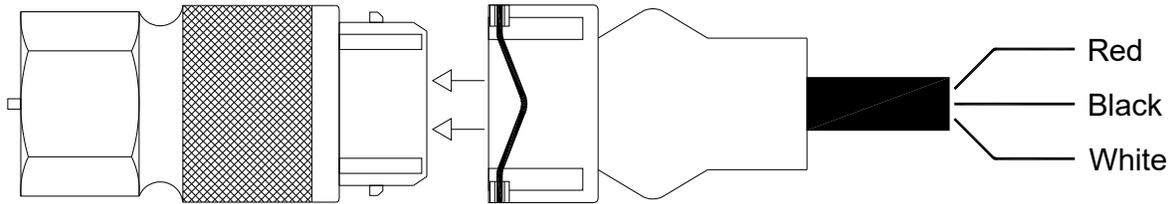
[OR]
 - c. Speedometer Signal wire of the vehicle computer [PCM].
- 6) Connect one wire of the speedometer calibration button to the **Brown** wire of the gauge harness.
 - a. Connect the other wire of the calibration button to a good chassis ground.
- 7) Optional: Connect right turn indicator power to the **Purple / White** wire of the gauge harness.
- 8) Optional: Connect high beam indicator power to the **Lt. Green** wire of the gauge harness.
- 9) Optional: Connect left turn indicator power to the **Blue / White** wire of the gauge harness.

4" Speedometer Wiring Diagram



16 Pulse Signal Generator [SN16] Wiring

Attach the signal generator to the transmission speedometer gear housing (where the speedometer cable originally connected). Do not use excessive force to tighten. These signal generators produce approximately 16,000 pulses per mile (PPM).



Red: Power (to Red wire of the speedometer harness)
Black: Ground (to good chassis ground)
White: Signal (to Purple wire of the speedometer harness)

Speedometer Calibration

Calibration Modes	
Speedometer Indication	Calibration Mode
50 MPH	Speedometer "Instant" Calibration
60 MPH	Speedometer "Real-time" Calibration
70 MPH	Speedometer "Measured Mile" Calibration
80 MPH	Factory Defaults Reset Mode
90 MPH	Exit calibration Mode

Entering Calibration Mode:

- 1) Start with power to the gauge OFF.
- 2) Press and HOLD the calibration pushbutton.
- 3) Start engine.
- 4) Release the pushbutton after the engine is started. The speedometer will indicate 50MPH.

Speedometer “Instant” Calibration:

(steps 1-4 may be skipped if the gauge is already in calibration mode)

- 1) Start with power to the gauge OFF.
- 2) Press and HOLD the calibration pushbutton.
- 3) Start engine.
- 4) Release the pushbutton after the engine is started. The speedometer will indicate 50MPH.
- 5) With the speedometer indicating 50MPH, press and hold the calibration pushbutton until the speedometer changes to 0 MPH. *If the speedometer pointer is not at 50MPH, tap the button to cycle the pointer through the calibration modes until it comes back to 50MPH.*
- 6) Drive the vehicle at exactly 30MPH using a GPS or pace car as a reference. Press and hold the pushbutton while traveling 30MPH for approximately 4 seconds until the speedometer moves up to 30MPH. The speedometer will now track your speed. Verify that the speedometer is now reading accurately.
- 7) If you are satisfied with the speedometer calibration, tap the pushbutton to get back to the calibration mode options. If you would like to re-do the calibration, press and hold the pushbutton to restart the Instant Calibration process.
- 8) When you are finished, tap the pushbutton (as many times as needed) to move the speedometer pointer through the calibration modes to get to the 90MPH (Exit Calibration Mode) option. With the pointer at 90MPH, press and hold the button for about 6 seconds until the speedometer moves down and starts indicating your actual speed. The speedometer calibration is now saved.

Speedometer “Real-Time” Calibration:

(steps 1-4 may be skipped if the gauge is already in calibration mode)

- 1) Start with power to the gauge OFF.
- 2) Press and HOLD the calibration pushbutton.
- 3) Start engine.
- 4) Release the pushbutton after the engine is started. The speedometer will indicate 50MPH.
- 5) Tap the calibration pushbutton once to move the speedometer pointer up to 60MPH. *If you missed stopping the pointer at 60MPH, continue to tap the button to cycle the pointer through the calibration modes until it comes back to 60MPH.*
- 6) With the speedometer indicating 60MPH, press and hold the calibration pushbutton until the speedometer changes to 0 MPH.
- 7) Begin driving a known speed using a GPS or pace vehicle as a reference.
- 8) Press and hold the pushbutton to slowly change the indicated speed. The first time the button is pressed will increase the speedometer reading. The next time the button is pressed will decrease the speedometer reading. The speedometer will alternate between increasing and decreasing speed each time the button is pressed and held.
- 9) Continue to press and hold the pushbutton until the speedometer is indicating the correct speed.
- 10) Once the correct speed is dialed in on the speedometer, wait 8 seconds without pressing the pushbutton to have the current calibration saved. *If you still need to adjust the speed after this 8 second timeout, press and hold the button to re-enter the “Real Time” calibration mode again.*
- 11) If you are satisfied with the speedometer calibration, tap the pushbutton (as many times as needed) to move the speedometer pointer through the calibration modes to get to the 90MPH (Exit Calibration Mode) option. With the pointer at 90MPH, press and hold the button for about 6 seconds until the speedometer moves down and starts indicating your actual speed. The speedometer calibration is now saved.

Speedometer “Measured Mile” Calibration:

(steps 1-4 may be skipped if the gauge is already in calibration mode)

- 1) Start with power to the gauge OFF.
- 2) Press and HOLD the calibration pushbutton.
- 3) Start engine.
- 4) Release the pushbutton after the engine is started. The speedometer will indicate 50MPH.
- 5) Tap the calibration pushbutton twice to move the speedometer pointer up to 70MPH. *If you missed stopping the pointer at 70MPH, continue to tap the button to cycle the pointer through the calibration modes until it comes back to 70MPH.*
- 6) With the speedometer indicating 70MPH, press and hold the calibration pushbutton until the speedometer changes to 30 MPH.
- 7) Begin driving a known measured mile. *The speed at which you drive the mile does not matter.*
- 8) At the end of the mile, press and hold the pushbutton until the speedometer moves from 30MPH back up to 70MPH. *To get a more accurate calibration, stop at the end of the mile.*
- 9) If you are satisfied with the speedometer calibration, tap the pushbutton (as many times as needed) to move the speedometer pointer through the calibration modes to get to the 90MPH (Exit Calibration Mode) option. With the pointer at 90MPH, press and hold the button for about 6 seconds until the speedometer moves down and starts indicating your actual speed. The speedometer calibration is now saved.

Reset Gauge Calibration to Factory Defaults:

(steps 1-4 may be skipped if the gauge is already in calibration mode)

- 1) Start with power to the gauge OFF.
- 2) Press and HOLD the calibration pushbutton.
- 3) Start engine *(or just turn the key ON)*.
- 4) Release the pushbutton after the engine is started *(or the key has been turned ON)*. The speedometer will indicate 50MPH.
- 5) Tap the calibration pushbutton three times to move the speedometer pointer up to 80MPH. *If you missed stopping the pointer at 80MPH, continue to tap the button to cycle the pointer through the calibration modes until it comes back to 80MPH.*
- 6) With the speedometer indicating 80MPH, press and hold the calibration pushbutton until the speedometer changes to 90 MPH. The factory speedometer calibration is now set.
- 7) With the speedometer pointer at 90MPH, press and hold the button for about 6 seconds until the speedometer pointer moves down to zero.

4" Tachometer Wiring

- 1) Always disconnect the ground lead from the vehicle battery before wiring any gauge.
- 2) Connect a switched +12VDC power source to the **Pink** wire of the gauge harness.
- 3) Connect a good chassis ground to the **Black** wire of the gauge harness.
- 4) Connect dash light power to the **Grey** wire of the gauge harness.
- 5) Connect one wire of the tachometer calibration button to the **Brown** wire of the gauge harness.
 - a. Connect the other wire of the calibration button to a good chassis ground.
- 6) Optional: Connect a remote shift light indicator's power to the **Yellow / White** wire of the gauge harness.
- 7) Connect the tachometer signal to the **White** wire of the gauge harness. Refer to the following list of ignition system types to help determine where to get the signal.

STANDARD POINTS & CONDENSER SYSTEM

Connect the negative side of the coil (usually marked as "-") to the white wire of the gauge harness.

GMC – HEI (High Energy Ignition System)

Connect the "TACH" terminal on coil side of distributor cap to the white wire of the gauge harness.

MSD (Multiple Spark Discharge System)

Connect the Tach signal on the MSD box to the white wire of the gauge harness.

VERTEX MAGNETO SYSTEM

Connect the "KILL" terminal on the side of a Vertex magneto body to the white wire of the gauge harness. An external adapter such as an MSD "Pro Mag Tach Converter" #8132 may be required.

ACCEL IGNITION COILS

Connect the negative side of the coil to the white wire of the gauge harness. CAUTION! Some Accel ignition coils require the tach signal wire to be connected to the "+" terminal on the coil! PLEASE carefully read Accel's instructions before connecting ignition coil.

MALLORY IGNITION

Connect the negative terminal side of coil (usually marked as "-") to the white wire of the gauge harness. **IMPORTANT!** Some Mallory ignition systems may require you to adjust the tachometer at the 4-cylinder setting (rather than the 8-cylinder setting).

ECM TACHOMETER SIGNAL

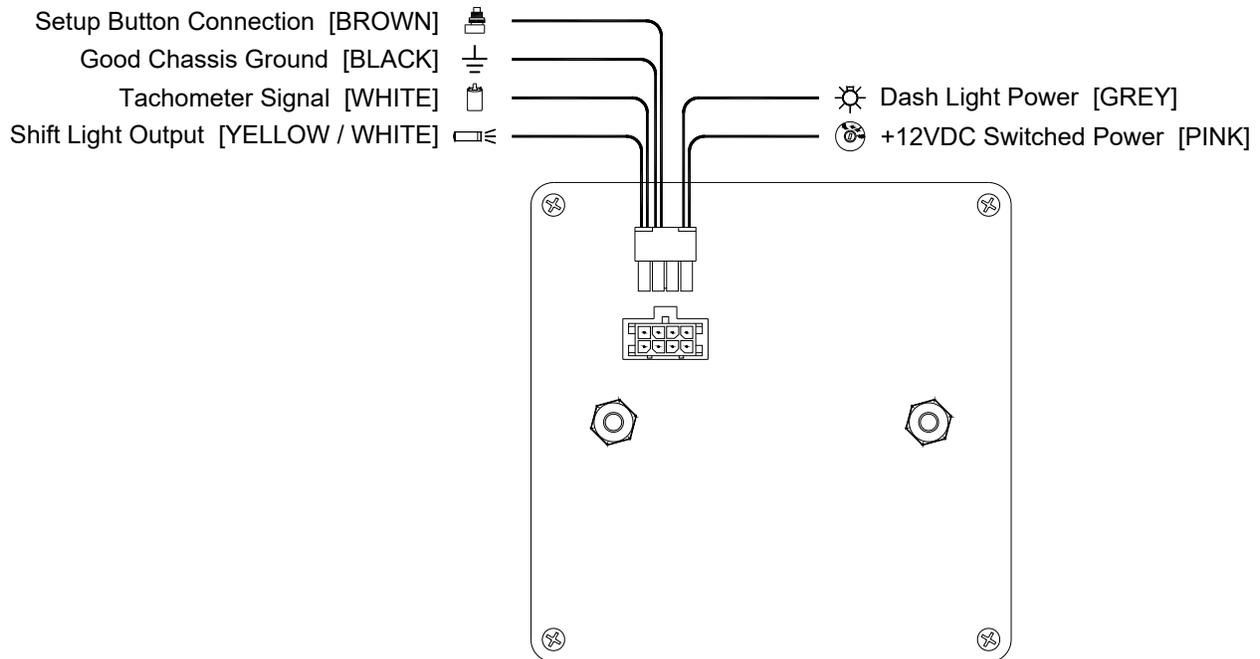
Connect the signal wire from the ECM to the white wire of the gauge harness. When using this type of signal, you may need to set the tachometer to the 4-cylinder setting regardless of the actual cylinders on the engine. Also, set the signal type to 5V when using this signal.

MULTIPLE COIL IGNITION SYSTEMS

A tach adapter is required for these ignition systems. A tach signal driver such as the MSD #8913, which produces a 12V square wave signal, is recommended along with a SN74Z signal converter. Please check with manufacturer for your specific application.

NOTICE! For all other ignition systems please look at the owner's manual for that system.

4" Tachometer Wiring Diagram



Tachometer Setup

Set Signal Type:

1. Start with power off.
2. Press and hold pushbutton.
3. While pressing pushbutton, apply power to the gauge (starting vehicle not necessary).
4. Release pushbutton once power is applied.
5. Tachometer pointer will indicate 2000 RPM.
6. Press and hold the pushbutton (with tachometer reading 2000 RPM) until the pointer moves to indicate the signal type.
7. Tapping the pushbutton will cause the pointer to alternate between 5000 RPM "Low Voltage Signal" (from an ECM) and 6000 RPM "High Voltage Signal" (from standard, HEI or CDI {MSD} ignitions).
8. Press and hold the pushbutton until the pointer returns to 0 RPM to save the setting.

Set # of Cylinder Signal Type:

1. Start with power off.
2. Press and hold pushbutton.
3. While pressing pushbutton, apply power to the gauge (starting vehicle not necessary).
4. Release pushbutton once power is applied.
5. Tachometer pointer will indicate 2000 RPM.
6. Tap the pushbutton to index the pointer to 4000 RPM "4-cylinder", 6000 RPM "6-cylinder" or 8000 RPM "8-cylinder".
7. Press and hold the pushbutton with the pointer indicating the desired setting (4000, 6000 or 8000) to set the signal type. Once set, the pointer will return to 0 RPM.

Optional: Set Shift Light Trigger Point:

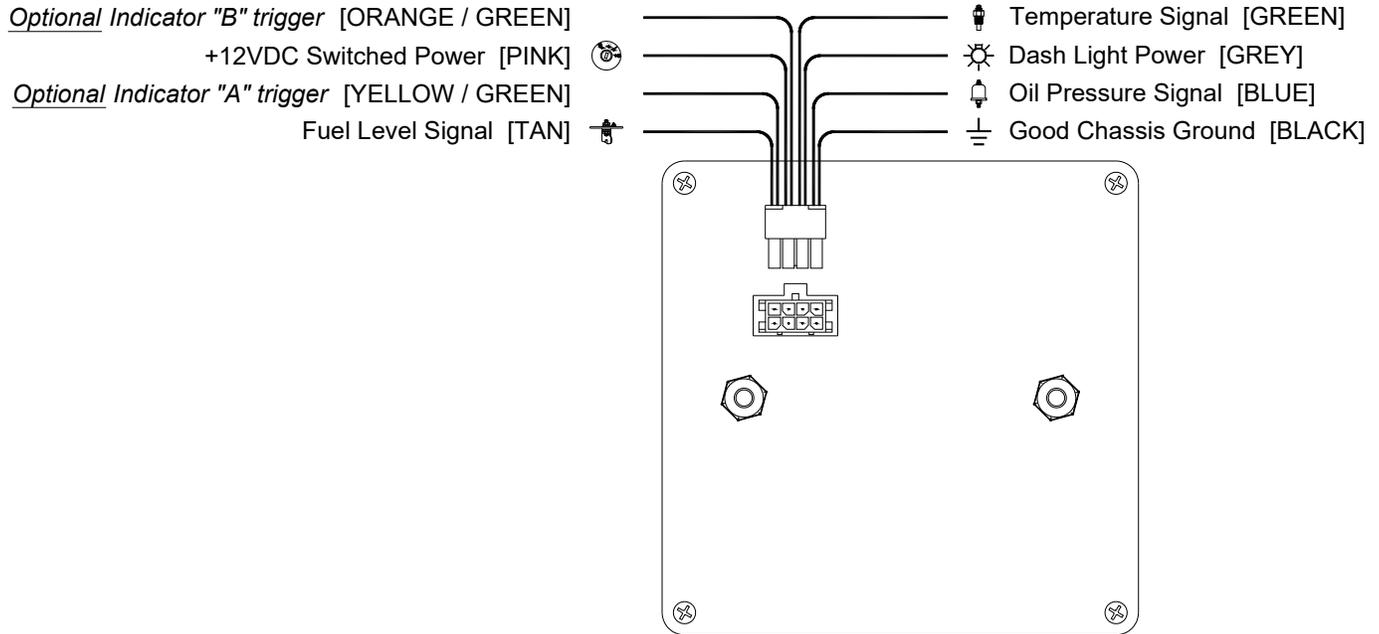
1. Start with power off.
2. Press and hold pushbutton.
3. While pressing pushbutton, apply power to the gauge (starting vehicle not necessary).
4. Release pushbutton once power is applied.
5. Tachometer pointer will indicate 2000 RPM.
6. Tap the pushbutton to index the pointer to 3000 RPM.
7. Press and hold the pushbutton (with tachometer reading 3000 RPM) until the pointer moves to indicate the shift light trigger point.
8. Press and hold the pushbutton to change the RPM shown. The first time the pushbutton is pressed and held, the RPM shown will increase. The second time the pushbutton is pressed and held, the RPM shown will decrease. The RPM shown will alternate between increasing and decreasing each time the pushbutton is pressed.
9. Once the correct RPM shift light trigger point is shown, wait 8 seconds without pushing the pushbutton in order to save the setting. The pointer will return to 0 RPM.

Important: Turn power OFF to save changes

4" Quad Gauge Wiring

- 1) Always disconnect the ground lead from the vehicle battery before wiring any gauge.
- 2) Connect a switched +12VDC power source to the **Pink** wire of the gauge harness.
- 3) Connect a good chassis ground to the **Black** wire of the gauge harness.
- 4) Connect dash light power to the **Grey** wire of the gauge harness.
- 5) Connect a fuel level sender to the **Tan** wire of the gauge harness.
- 6) Connect a Classic Instruments oil pressure sender to the **Blue** wire of the gauge harness.
- 7) Connect a Classic Instruments temperature sender to the **Green** wire of the gauge harness.
- 8) Optional: Connect optional indicator "A" trigger to the **Yellow / Green** wire of the gauge harness.
 - a. NOTE: Indicator only available when special ordered.
- 9) Optional: Connect optional indicator "B" trigger to the **Orange / Green** wire of the gauge harness.
 - a. NOTE: Indicator only available when special ordered.

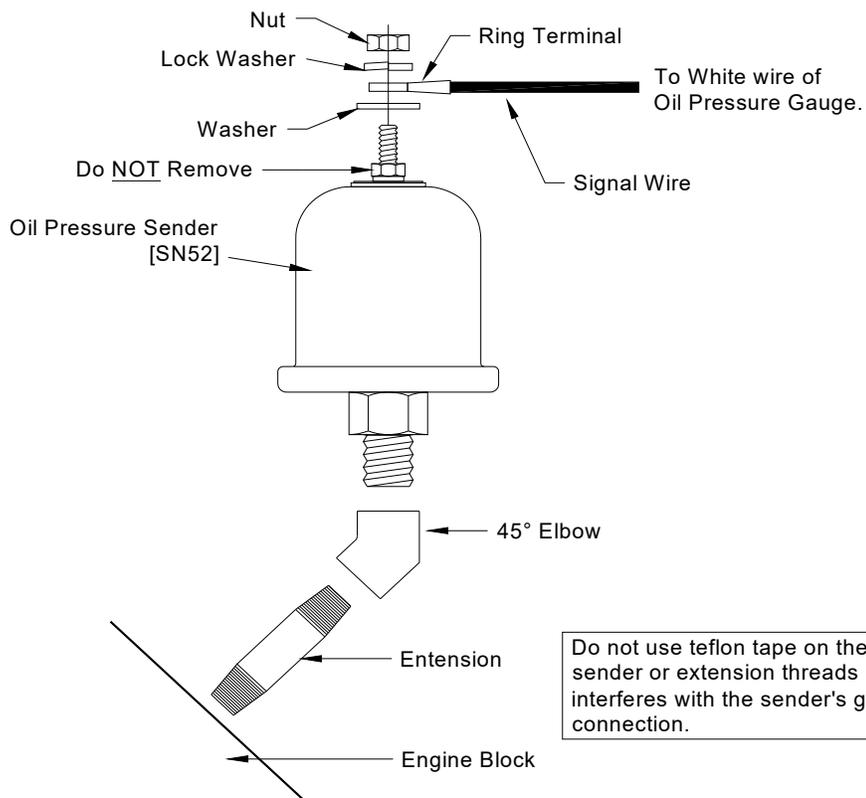
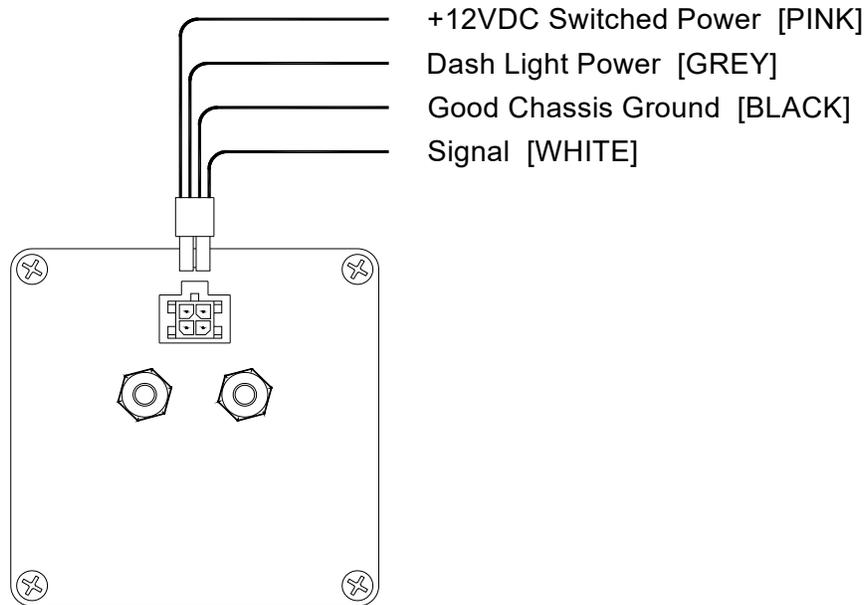
4" Quad Gauge Wiring Diagram



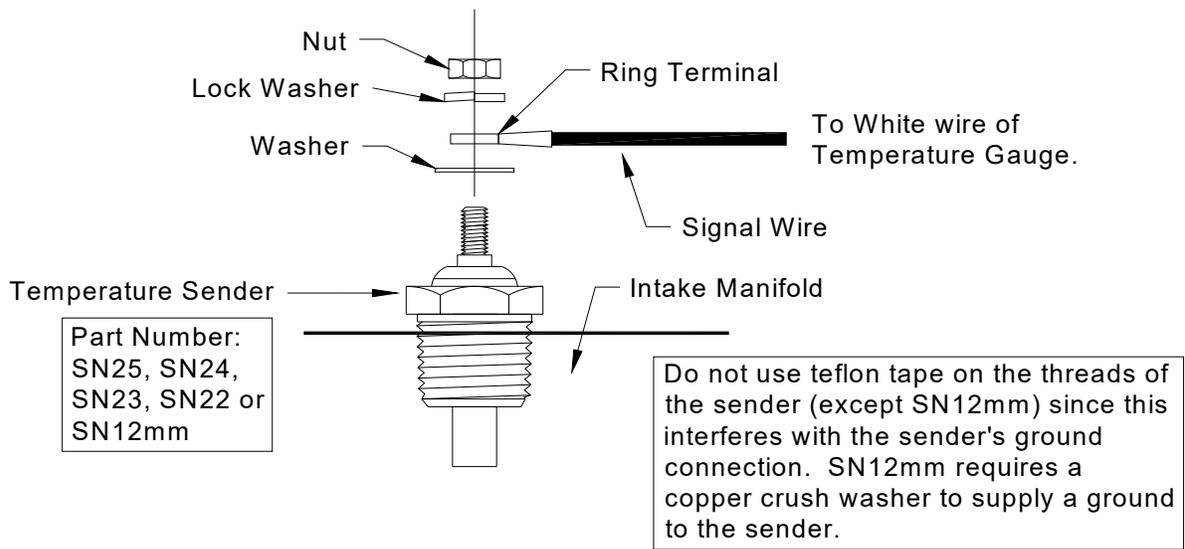
2 5/8" Fuel, Oil Pressure, Temperature & Volt Gauge Wiring

- 1) Always disconnect the ground lead from the vehicle battery before wiring any gauge.
- 2) Connect the sender to the **White** wire of the gauge harness.
 - a. Volt gauge: No sender is required. **DO NOT connect anything to the White signal wire! Doing so will damage the gauge!**
 - b. Water Temperature gauge: Connect the top terminal of a Classic Instruments temperature sender to the White wire of the gauge harness.
 - c. Oil Pressure gauge: Connect the top terminal of a Classic Instruments oil pressure sender to the White wire of the gauge harness.
 - d. Fuel gauge: Connect the top terminal of a Classic Instruments fuel sender (or signal terminal of an OEM fuel sender if matching gauge was ordered) to the White wire of the gauge harness.
- 3) Connect a good ground to the **Black** wire of the gauge harness.
- 4) Connect a switched +12VDC power source to the **Pink** wire of the gauge harness.
- 5) Connect dash light power to the **Grey** wire of the gauge harness.

2 5/8" Gauge Wiring Diagram



Oil Pressure Sender Wiring



Temperature Sender Wiring

Fuel Level Sender Installation

ADJUSTABLE FUEL LEVEL SENDER KIT

SN35 (240Ω-33Ω), **SN36** (0Ω -30Ω), **SN38** (0Ω -90Ω), **SN39** (75Ω -10Ω) & **SN40** (10Ω -180Ω)

- 1) For tank depths of 6" to 15-1/2", it will be necessary to remove the lower mounting bracket.
 - a. Begin by removing the two screws and nuts from the lower mounting bracket. These will be discarded.
 - b. Remove the two screws from the plastic rheostat housing. Save these screws to use later.
 - c. Remove the plastic rheostat housing from the lower mounting bracket and then discard this portion of the mounting bracket.
 - d. Reinstall the plastic rheostat housing to the upper mounting bracket and secure using the screws you removed in step "b".
- 2) Adjust the float length and pivot point for the tank's depth. See diagram below.

